App Inventor + IoT: Humidity Sensor
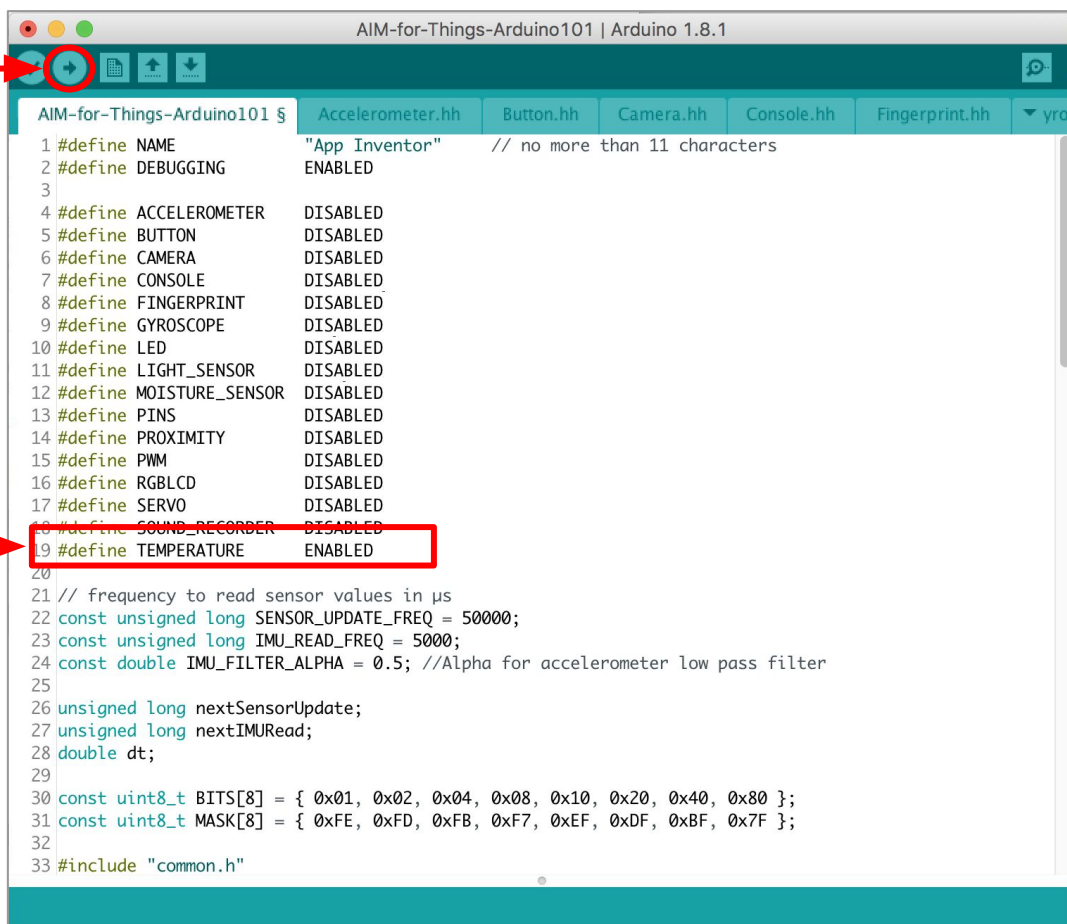
(with IoT Setup and Basic Connection tutorials completed)

This tutorial will help you get started with App Inventor + IoT and a humidity sensor on an Arduino 101 controller. We are also using a Seeed Grove shield for this tutorial. You do not need to use this board, but it does make things easier. The humidity sensor we recommend is the Grove temperature & humidity sensor.

Before you start you should first complete the App Inventor + IoT Setup tutorial to set up your Arduino device.

- Connect the humidity sensor to the Grove board in the D4 pin connector.
- For this tutorial make sure **TEMPERATURE** is set to **ENABLED** and all others are set to **DISABLED.**
- You should also click the arrow button in the top left to upload the code
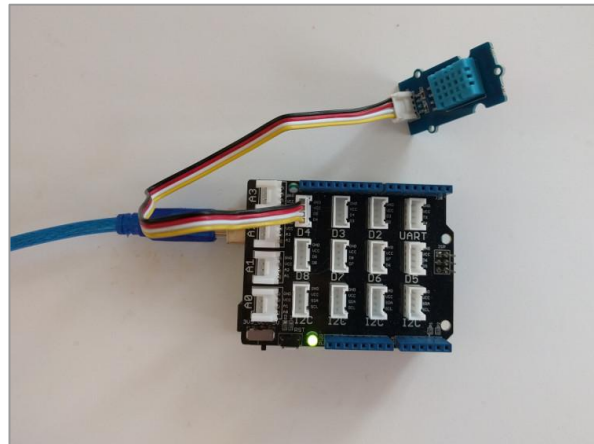

```
AIM-for-Things-Arduino101 | Arduino 1.8.1

AIM-for-Things-Arduino101 §   Accelerometer.hh   Button.hh   Camera.hh   Console.hh   Fingerprint.hh   ▼ yros

 1 #define NAME            "App Inventor"    // no more than 11 characters
 2 #define DEBUGGING       ENABLED
 3
 4 #define ACCELEROMETER   DISABLED
 5 #define BUTTON          DISABLED
 6 #define CAMERA          DISABLED
 7 #define CONSOLE         DISABLED
 8 #define FINGERPRINT     DISABLED
 9 #define GYROSCOPE       DISABLED
10 #define LED             DISABLED
11 #define LIGHT_SENSOR    DISABLED
12 #define MOISTURE_SENSOR DISABLED
13 #define PINS            DISABLED
14 #define PROXIMITY       DISABLED
15 #define PWM             DISABLED
16 #define RGBLCD          DISABLED
17 #define SERVO           DISABLED
18 #define SOUND_RECORDER  DISABLED
19 #define TEMPERATURE     ENABLED
20
21 // frequency to read sensor values in μs
22 const unsigned long SENSOR_UPDATE_FREQ = 50000;
23 const unsigned long IMU_READ_FREQ = 5000;
24 const double IMU_FILTER_ALPHA = 0.5; //Alpha for accelerometer low pass filter
25
26 unsigned long nextSensorUpdate;
27 unsigned long nextIMURead;
28 double dt;
29
30 const uint8_t BITS[8] = { 0x01, 0x02, 0x04, 0x08, 0x10, 0x20, 0x40, 0x80 };
31 const uint8_t MASK[8] = { 0xFE, 0xFD, 0xFB, 0xF7, 0xEF, 0xDF, 0xBF, 0x7F };
32
33 #include "common.h"
```

Next, you should complete the [App Inventor + IoT Basic Connection](#) tutorial to make a basic connection to the Arduino device. If you prefer, you can download the completed .aia file [here](#).

The remaining steps all build off of the the starter code for Basic Connection tutorial and .aia:
- Drag a **Label** from the User Interface Palette and drop it between **LabelStatus** and **ListBLE**
  - Rename the **Label** "LabelData".
  - Change its text to "Data: ".
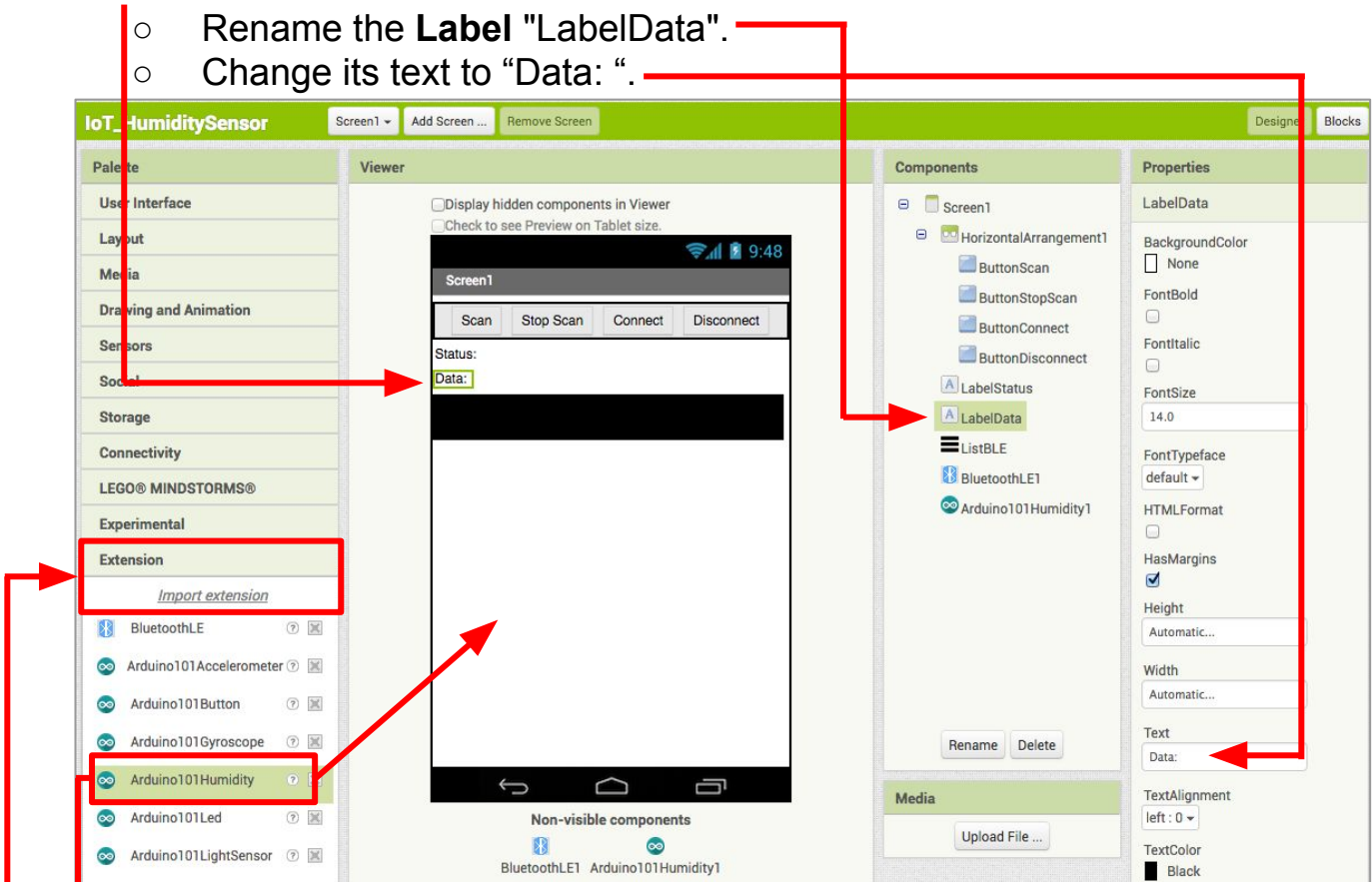
- In the Palette window, click on Extension at the bottom and then on "Import extension" and click on "URL".
  - Paste in this URL:
    http://iot.appinventor.mit.edu/assets/resources/edu.mit.appinventor.iot.arduino101.aix
- Add the **Arduino101Humidity** extension to your app by dragging it onto the Viewer (the Humidity sensor does both humidity and temperature).

Next, we need to let App Inventor know which pin on the Grove board the humidity sensor is connected to.

- Click on **Ardunio101Humidity1** in the Components pane.
- In the Properties pane, click on BluetoothDevice and select **BlutetoothLE1**.
- Under **Pin**, enter the <u>digital</u> pin that matches the one the humidity sensor is plugged into on the Grove board (in this case D4).
  - *Note: You only need to put the number, not the letter 'D'*

Now switch to the Blocks Editor view

First, we want to set it up so that we request data updates when the sensor value on the Arduino changes.

- from Arduino101Humidity1 in the Blocks pane, add **call Arduino101Humidity1.RequestHumidityUpdates** to the existing **when BluetoothLE1.Connected** block that you made in the Basic Connection tutorial.
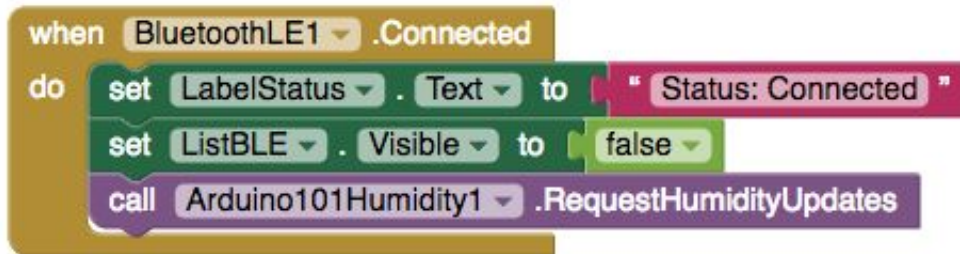

Next, we need to store the data we receive from the sensor. From the Variables drawer in the Blocks pane, drag an **initialize global name to** block and name it "Humidity". From the Math drawer add a number block and set it to "0". We'll use this to keep track of the sensor value.


Let's make a new procedure to display the current readings in the **LabelData** when we get new data. You can create a procedure by dragging out a purple procedure block from the Procedures drawer in the Blocks pane. Let's rename it **updateDataLabel.**

- ○ from LabelData in the Blocks pane, add **set LabelData.Text to.**
- ○ from the Text drawer connect a **join** block.
    - ■ From the Text drawer, connect a text block and type **"Humidity: "**
    - ■ From the Variables drawer connect a **get global Humidity.**
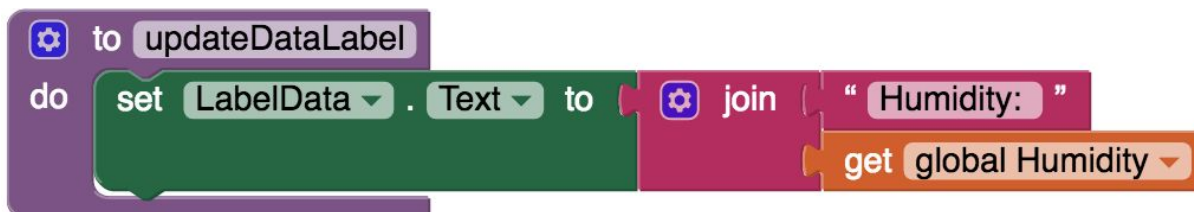
Finally, we need to call the procedure when this data is received.

- From the Arduino101Humidity1 drawer in the Blocks pane, drag
  when Ardunio101Humdity1.HumidityReceived
  - from the Variables drawer, add **set global Humidity.**
  - Hover over the orange "reading" in **.HumidityReceived** to see the
    get humidity block. Drag the **get humidity** block from this window and
    snap to **set global humidity.**
  - from the Procedures drawer, add **call updateDataLabel.**
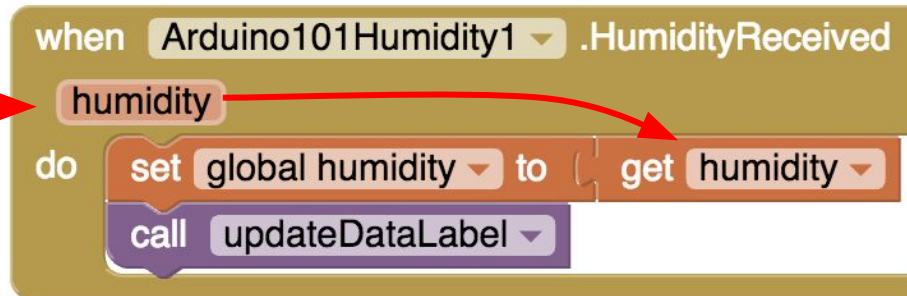
Your app should now be working! Connect your Arduino device using the MIT AI2
Companion (if you haven't already). Test it out by closing your hand around the
sensor. If it is working, you should see the data label change.